## Beynon, Edmond Wright Private

The Toronto Scottish Regiment (Machine Gun)
Royal Canadian Infantry Corps B/57497





Edmond ("Eddie") Wright Beynon was born 16 March 1919 at Toronto, Ontario. His Canadian born parents Ernest Stanton Beynon and Mary Ann Wright were of English and Scottish heritage, marrying at Toronto in 1916. They had two sons: John and Eddie. Ernest worked as an instructor and

later as a sales manager to support his family.

They were United Church members.

Eddie attended William Burgess Public School and

Jarvis Collegiate. He was active in sports, playing on baseball, hockey, basketball, and rugby teams. His musical instrument was the clarinet. Eddie took a one year wood patternmaker program at Central Technical School in Toronto while working part time at Hunt's Candy dipping chocolates.

Toronto Central Technical School

Eddie finished school age sixteen and put his tradesman training to use. He spent one year each working at Universal Pattern Works and



Basden Machines before his employment with Standard Pattern Works for the next three years.

Eddie's older brother John joined the Royal Canadian Corps of Signals (RCCS) after World War Two broke out. Eddie in turn attested 16 October 1942 at Toronto age 23. His medical examination recorded Eddie as being almost 6' tall, 161 lbs with blue eyes and fair complexion. The Army Examiner wrote of Eddie: "Above average intelligence, appears bright and alert... Well built, seems frank and honest. Is very anxious to be in the army... Attitude is cooperative and likeable. Has sound stability... Should make a very efficient soldier".

Eddie was allocated to the Royal Canadian Ordnance Corps (RCOC) given his trades background and was sent to the Canadian Army Basic Training Centre at Yarmouth, Nova Scotia. He was transferred to Camp Valcartier, Quebec 27 January 1943 and shipped overseas that spring, disembarking in the UK 4 April 1943 where he reported to the Canadian Ordnance Reserve Unit.

Canadian Military Pattern truck in version used for mechanical repairs.

Canadian Military Pattern truck in version used for mechanical repairs.

Chevrolet Model C60X, 3-ton, 6 wheel lorry. Canadian designed and built in Oshawa, Ontario. England, 19 March 1944.

Photo by Donald I, Grant, Department of National Defence / National

Eddie qualified as a Vehicle Driver and was assigned to the Base Ordnance Depot 10 June 1943. He spent two weeks in 8 Canadian General Hospital in the UK the next winter, discharged 8 March 1944.

Eddie remained in the UK during the buildup for the Allied D-Day invasion of Normandy, disembarking in France 12 July 1944. He served with the RCOC providing mechanical transport and other support functions for the Canadian Army until he was remustered to Infantry January 1945. His brother John had been seriously

wounded while serving with RCCS and evacuated to England for treatment at the Basingstoke Neuro Plastic Surgery Hospital.

Eddie was taken on strength by the Toronto Scottish Regiment (TSR) 26 January 1945. The TSR was a Machine Gun (MG) support battalion with 2<sup>nd</sup> Canadian Infantry Division (CID), and also had a Mortar Company. They were attached to 4<sup>th</sup> Canadian Infantry Brigade (CIB) which included The Royal Regiment of Canada, The Royal Hamilton Light Infantry and The Essex Scottish Regiment. The had landed in France about a month after D-Day and battled their way through Normandy that summer, then helped clear Channel ports and fought in the Battle of the Scheldt. After finally clearing the Germans to open Allied shipping lanes to Antwerp, Belgium, The TSR and 2<sup>nd</sup> CID were assigned to static operations around Nijmegen,

Netherlands where most of the activity involved patrolling and sniping against a well-entrenched enemy.

Nijmegen had been liberated by the Allies September 1944 as part of Operation MARKET GARDEN and became a front line city.

Nijmegen citizens on Allied jeep September 1944

Eddie was billeted at the family Treffers home in Nijmegen and wrote a greeting in the poetry book of their daughter Marietje. Both Eddie Beynon and Harold Brown, who also may have been a member of the TSR, recorded notes in that



album which Marietje Faasen (Marc Faasen's mother) still has.



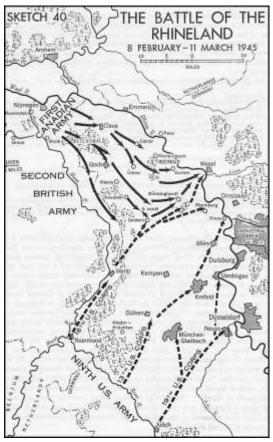
The TSR and 2<sup>nd</sup> Canadian Division moved out as part of 1<sup>st</sup> Canadian Army under Operation VERITABLE February 1945. They advanced into Germany where two battalions from 4<sup>th</sup> Brigade were ordered to attack a section of

the Goch-Calcar Road 18 February 1945. The Royal Hamilton Light Infantry and The Essex Scottish were supported by the Toronto Scottish Machine Gun and

Mortar

Companies. 4<sup>th</sup> Brigade suffered heavy losses and the TSR also took casualties 18-22 February 1945.

The next phase of the Allied Rhineland offensive was Operation BLOCKBUSTER. Following 10<sup>th</sup> Brigade's attack, 4<sup>th</sup> CIB was deployed in the Battle for the Hochwald. The Royal Regiment of Canada spent most of two days clearing an area on the eastern slope of the Calcar ridge. The Essex Scottish passed through their lines on the night of 28 February to assault German positions on the edge of the forest. They were supported by a



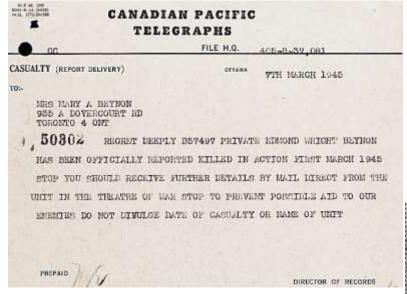
Instructions regarding preparation of War Darries (which will be kept from first day of mobilization, revalues or embodi- ment), are contained in F.S. Begs. Vol. 1. Title pages will be prepared.			OR   Original duplicate   Or	M.F.M. 1) and triplicate to be not Echelon for disposal.
Place	Date	Hour	Summary of Events and Information TORGITO SHOTTISH REMINISTE (ML) GIG	Remarka, references to Appendices and initials
NW 908481 Sheet 4173 GAZZAR	3 Hav	15	Teather clearly with wind and rain cout of the day. PMQ is seving again this morning as its lose is outside of the div boundary. The new loans of PMQ is now lift 950561 Enset 2019, Talear. Two new offr painforcements were too today, they are it 5.00. Resthit the served with this unit previously and its 0.0. Section II.E. Enth. It Weshith was posted to MCP Coy and Lie Enoth and Enth to MMP Coy. By ensay mortaring and shalling continues as well as come patrol activity. MCP Coy at present is expecting the Bleast Scottin Begt and the RMIL. MCP Coy MI newed to MCP Coy at present is expecting the Bleast Scottin Begt and the RMIL. MCP WH neved to MCP Cotts body. 6 pl MMP Coy suffered several cas today. Their posms were under ensay observation, one of the received a direct lit by an 82 wm shall killing three sits, 2 UMs and wounding 2 seen. Does of the sits killed was A/pl cond. As 6 pl is rether disorganised it has been calleved by 7 pl tenight.  GASUALITIES B. 27427 Pts DIRECT, EN Filled in action B. 25747 A/SIS DUMCANITOR, JF Filled in action B. 25747 A/SIS DUMCANITOR, JF Filled in action Filled in	De

Toronto Scottish Regiment War Diary 1 March 1945

troop of tanks from the Sherbrook Fusiliers in fierce fighting on the morning of 1 March.

The Essex "C" Company was led by Major F.A. Tilston who was wounded three times during their advance and subsequent action. Tilston was later awarded the Victoria Cross for his heroic deeds, during which his battalion suffered 31 killed and 77 wounded while establishing a solid base for 4<sup>th</sup> Brigade to clear the northern forest. The Toronto Scottish "A" Company was supporting the Essex Scottish, but it was their "B" Company, 6 Platoon that suffered most of their casualties that day. Their positions were under enemy observation and took a direct hit from an 88 mm shell, killing three Sergeants, two Other Ranks plus wounded two men.

Eddie Beynon was one of those killed in action 1 March 1945, age 25.



PTE. EDMONO WRIGHT BEY-NON, 25, who enlisted with the R.C.O.C. and transferred to the Toronto Scottish overseas, was killed in action on the western front, March 1, his parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Beynon, Dovercourt Rd., have been advised. Pie. Beynon received his primary education at William

tral Tech. He was a pattern maker. He played actively with Toronto softball, rugby and basketball teams. In addition to his parents he is survived by his older brother, John, with the R.C.C.S., who is now convalescing at Basing-

Burgess school, and later attended Jarvis Collegiate institute and Cen-

stoke neuro and plastic surgery hosplial in England.

Toronto Star March 1945

Private E.W. Beynon was temporarily buried at Bedburg, Germany and later relocated to Groesbeek Canadian War Cemetery in the Netherlands, grave reference **VIII. F. 12.** 

The inscription on his headstone:

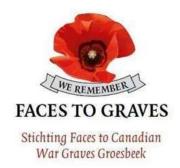
MOTHER, FATHER, SOLDIER JOHN,
MOURN A VALIANT,
DEARLY LOVED SON AND BROTHER

## Edmond Beynon's campaign medals:

- 1939-1945 Star
- France-Germany Star
- Defence Medal
- War Medal
- Canadian Volunteer Service Medal with Clasp



Photo credit Marc Faasen



Biography by Jim Little, Research Team Faces to Graves.

Sources Consulted:

Commonwealth War Graves Commission

Library and Archives Canada

Veteran Affairs Canada – Canadian Virtual War Memorial

Ancestry public trees

Newspapers.com

Toronto Central Technical School image https://ctsalumni.ca/history/

Royal Canadian Ordnance Corps info and photo

https://www.junobeach.org/canada-in-wwii/articles/supplying-canadas-field-army-overseas/the-royal-canadian-ordnance-corps/

The Toronto Scottish Regiment badge and information http://tsrpd.com/index.php/history/history-of-the-regiment

Battle of Nijmegen info and photo

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Battle\_of\_Nijmegen

Marc Faasen – Nijmegen soldier billet info and poetry album images

The Toronto Scottish Regiment Vickers machine gun picture and information https://torontosun.com/opinion/columnists/taylor-enduring-bond-between-canada-and-holland-forged-in-war

Battle of the Rhineland information and map https://www.ibiblio.org/hyperwar/UN/Canada/CA/Victory/Victory-19.html

The Toronto Scottish Regiment War Diary https://recherche-collection-search.bac-lac.gc.ca/eng/home/record?app=fonandcol&IdNumber=928059

\* Do you have a photo of this soldier or additional information please contact <a href="mailto:info@facestograves.nl">info@facestograves.nl</a>

Eddie's brother John survived the war and returned home to Ontario where he married Helen Percival. They named their first son Edmond after him.

BEYNON, Ernest S.—At Toronto on Saturday, July 13, 1968. Ernest S. Beynon, beloved husband of Mary Ann Wright; loving father of John and the late Edmond; grandfather of Edmond and Christopher. Resting at the Turner and Porter "York Chapel", 2357 Bloor St. W. Funeral service 1 o'clock Tuesday afternoon. Interment Brampton Cemetery.

Toronto Star July 1968

Marc Faasen's mother Marietje recalled that "There were usually four of the soldiers and they slept in the front room. We sleep upstairs, parents and six children. The soldiers did not dine with us".

One of Marc's uncle's Jan Treffers was forced to work at an ammunition factory in Nuremburg, Germany for three years during WW2 until age 24.

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Treffers family former home at St. Jacobslaan, Nijmegen, NL – courtesy Marc Faasen 2024

